# LevelOne

# **WBR-3404TX**

# 54Mbps Wireless Broadband Router

# w/VPN/Printer Server(USB)

User`s Manual

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## **FCC Interference Statement**

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against radio interference in a commercial environment. This equipment can generate, use and radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions in this manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause interference, in which case the user, at his own expense, will be required to take whatever measures are necessary to correct the interference.

#### **CE Declaration of Conformity**

This equipment complies with the requirements relating to electromagnetic compatibility, EN 55022/A1 Class B, and EN 50082-1. This meets the essential protection requirements of the European Council Directive 89/336/EEC on the approximation of the laws of the member states relation to electromagnetic compatibility.

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## Chapter 1 Introduction

Congratulations on your purchase of **LevelOne WBR-3404TX** Wireless Broadband Router. This product is specifically designed for Small Office and Home Office needs. It provides a complete SOHO solution for Internet surfing, and is easy to configure and operate even for non-technical users. Instructions for installing and configuring this product can be found in this manual. Before you install and use this product, please read this manual carefully for fully exploiting the functions of this product.

#### **Functions and Features**

#### I High speed for wireless LAN connection

Up to 54Mbps data rate by incorporating Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing (OFDM).

#### I Roaming

Provides seamless roaming within the IEEE 802.11b(11M) and IEEE 802.11g(54M) WLAN infrastructure.

#### I IEEE 802.11b compatible(11M)

Allowing inter-operation among multiple vendors.

#### I IEEE 802.11g compatible(54M)

Allowing inter-operation among multiple vendors.

#### Auto fallback

54M, 48M, 36M, 24M, 18M, 12M, 6M data rate with auto fallback in 802.11g mode. 11M, 5.5M, 2M, 1M data rate with auto fallback in 802.11b mode

#### I Broadband modem and NAT Router

Connects multiple computers to a broadband (cable or DSL) modem or an Ethernet router to surf the Internet.

#### I Auto-sensing Ethernet Switch

Equipped with a 4-port auto-sensing Ethernet switch.

#### I VPN supported

Supports multiple PPTP sessions and allows you to setup VPN server and VPN clients.

#### I Printer sharing

Embeds a print server to allow all of the networked computers to share one printer.

Built-in USB host to connect to USB printer for printer sharing

#### I Firewall

All unwanted packets from outside intruders are blocked to protect your Intranet.

#### I DHCP server supported

All of the networked computers can retrieve TCP/IP settings automatically from this product.

#### I Web-based configuring

Configurable through any networked computer's web browser using Netscape or Internet Explorer.

#### I Packet filter supported

**Packet Filter** allows you to control access to a network by analyzing the incoming and outgoing packets and letting them pass or halting them based on the IP address of the source and destination.

#### I Universal Plug and Play (UPnP) supported

Universal Plug and Play (UPnP) enable devices such as PCs, routers or other devices to be plugged into a network and automatically know about each other.

#### I Virtual Server supported

Enables you to expose WWW, FTP and other services on your LAN to be accessible to Internet users.

#### I User-Definable Application Sensing Tunnel

User can define the attributes to support the special applications requiring multiple connections, like Internet gaming, video conferencing, Internet telephony and so on, then this product can sense the application type and open multi-port tunnel for it.

#### I DMZ Host supported

Lets a networked computer be fully exposed to the Internet; this function is used when special application sensing tunnel feature is insufficient to allow an application to function correctly.

#### I Domain Filter Supported

let you prevent users under this device from accessing specific URLs.

#### I URL Blocking Supported

URL Blocking can block hundreds of websites connection by simply a keyword.

#### I SNMP Supported

In brief, SNMP, the Simple Network Management Protocol, is a protocol designed to give a user the capability to remotely manage a computer network by polling and setting terminal values and monitoring network events.

#### I Routing Table Supported

**Routing Tables** allow you to determine which physical interface address to use for outgoing IP data grams. If you have more than one routers and subnets, you will need to enable routing table to allow packets to find proper routing path and allow different subnets to communicate with each other.

#### I System time Supported

Allow you to synchronize system time with network time server.

#### I Statistics of WAN Supported

Enables you to monitor inbound and outbound packets

#### I VPN Supported

Enables you to create virtual private tunnels to remote VPN gateways.

I 802.1X supported

When the 802.1X function is enable, the Wireless user must Authenticate to this router first to use the Network service.

I Virtual Computers supported: Virtual Computer enables you to use the original NAT feature, and allows you to setup the one-to-one mapping of multiple global IP address and local IP address.

## **Packing List**

- LevelOne WBR-3404TX Wireless Broadband Router
- I Installation CD-ROM
- I Power adapter
- CAT-5 UTP Fast Ethernet cable

# Chapter 2 Hardware Installation

## 2.1 Panel Layout

#### 2.1.1. Front Panel



Figure 2-1 Front Panel

LED	Function	Color	Status	Description
POWER	Power indication	Green	On	Power is being applied to this product.
STATUS	System status	Orange	Blinking	This product is functioning properly.
	XXZA NI		On	The WAN port is linked.
WAN	WAN port activity	Green	Blinking	The WAN port is sending or receiving data.

LED:

WLAN	Wireless activity	Green	Blinking	Sending or receiving data via wireless
Link/Act.		G	On	An active station is connected to the corresponding LAN port.
1~4	Link status	Green	Green Blinking	The corresponding LAN port is sending or receiving data.
10/100	Data Rate	Green	On	Data is transmitting in 100Mbps on the corresponding LAN port.
	LICD (		On	The USB port is linked.
USB	USB port activity	Green	Blinking	The USB port is sending or receiving data.

Port:

RESET

To reset system settings to factory defaults, please follow the steps:

- 1. Power off the device,
- 2. Press the reset button and hold,
- 3. Power on the device,
- 4. Keep the button pressed about 5 seconds,
- 5. Release the button,
- 6. Watch the STATUS LED, they will flash 8 times and then STATUS flash once per second.

#### 2.1.2. Rear Panel



Figure 2-2 Rear Panel

Ports:

Port	Description
5VDC	Power inlet: DC 5V, 1.5A (minimum)
WAN	the port where you will connect your cable (or DSL) modem or Ethernet router.
Port 1-4	the ports where you will connect networked computers and other devices.
PRINTER	USB Printer Port (Optional)

## 2.2 Procedure for Hardware Installation

#### 1. Decide where to place your Wireless Broadband Router

You can place your WBR-3404TX on a desk or other flat surface, or you can mount it on a wall. For optimal performance, place your Wireless Broadband Router in the center of your office (or your home) in a location that is away from any potential source of interference, such as a metal wall or microwave oven. This location must be close to power and network connection.

#### 2. Setup LAN connection

- **a.** Wired LAN connection: connects an Ethernet cable from your computer's Ethernet port to one of the LAN ports of this product.
- **b.** Wireless LAN connection: locate this product at a proper position to gain the best transmit performance.

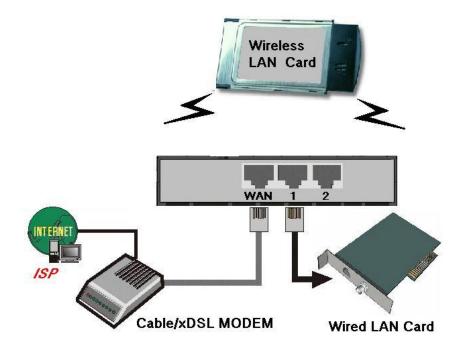


Figure 2-3 Setup of LAN and WAN connections for this product.

#### 3. Setup WAN connection

Prepare an Ethernet cable for connecting this product to your cable/xDSL modem or Ethernet backbone. Figure 2-3 illustrates the WAN connection.

#### 4. Connecting this product with your printer

Use the printer cable to connect your printer to the printer port of this product.

#### 5. Power on

Connecting the power cord to power inlet and turning the power switch on, this product will automatically enter the self-test phase. When it is in the self-test phase, the indicators STATUS will be lighted ON for about 10 seconds, and then STATUS will be flashed 3 times to indicate that the self-test operation has finished. Finally, the STATUS will be continuously flashed once per second to indicate that this product is in normal operation.

## Chapter 3 Network Settings and Software Installation

To use **LevelOne WBR-3404TX** correctly, you have to properly configure the network settings of your computers and install the attached setup program into your MS Windows platform (Windows 95/98/NT/2000).

#### **3.1 Make Correct Network Settings of Your Computer**

The default *IP address* of this product is 192.168.123.254, and the default *subnet mask* is 255.255.255.0. These addresses can be changed on your need, but the default values are used in this manual. If the TCP/IP environment of your computer has not yet been configured, you can refer to *Appendix A* to configure it. For example,

- 1. configure *IP* as 192.168.123.1, *subnet mask* as 255.255.255.0 and *gateway* as 192.168.123.254, or more easier,
- 2. configure your computers to load TCP/IP setting automatically, that is, via DHCP server of this product.

After installing the TCP/IP communication protocol, you can use the *ping* command to check if your computer has successfully connected to this product. The following example shows the ping procedure for Windows 95 platforms. First, execute the *ping* command

ping 192.168.123.254

If the following messages appear:

Pinging 192.168.123.254 with 32 bytes of data:

#### Reply from 192.168.123.254: bytes=32 time=2ms TTL=64

a communication link between your computer and this product has been successfully established. Otherwise, if you get the following messages,

```
Pinging 192.168.123.254 with 32 bytes of data:
```

Request timed out.

There must be something wrong in your installation procedure. You have to check the following items in sequence:

1. Is the Ethernet cable correctly connected between this product and your computer?

**Tip**: The LAN LED of this product and the link LED of network card on your computer must be lighted.

2. Is the TCP/IP environment of your computers properly configured?

**Tip**: If the IP address of this product is 192.168.123.254, the IP address of your computer must be 192.168.123.X and default gateway must be 192.168.123.254.

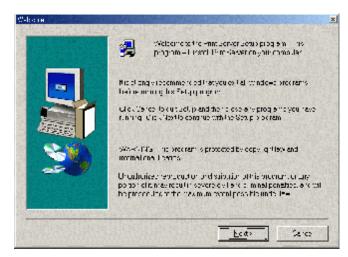
#### **3.2 Install the Software into Your Computers**

Skip this section if you do not want to use the print server function of this product.

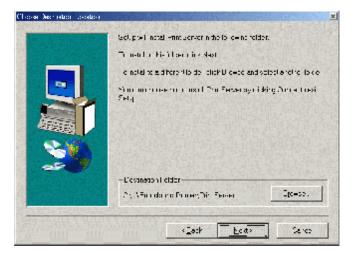
Step 1: Insert the installation CD-ROM into the CD-ROM drive. The following window will be shown automatically. If it isn't, please run "install.exe" on the CD-ROM.



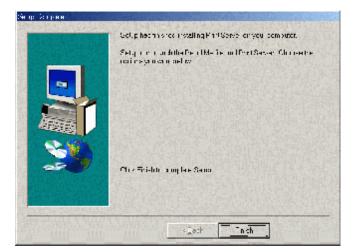
Step 2: Click on the *INSTALL* button. Wait until the following *Welcome* dialog to appear, and click on the *Next* button.



Step 3: Select the destination folder and click on the *Next* button. Then, the setup program will begin to install the programs into the destination folder.



Step 4: When the following window is displayed, click on the *Finish* button.



Step 5: Select the item to restart the computer and then click the OK button to reboot your computer.

Step 6: After rebooting your computer, the software installation procedure is finished.

Now, you can configure the NAT Router (refer to Chapter 4) and setup the Print Server (refer to Chapter 5).

## Chapter 4 Configuring LevelOne WBR-3404TX

WBR-3404TX provides Web based configuration scheme, that is, configuring by your Web browser, such as Netscape Communicator or Internet Explorer. This approach can be adopted in any MS Windows, Macintosh or UNIX based platforms.

#### 4 . ---) ( 4 2 1 3 4 - 1 M · 1 101 leve O Login Status O Status System Status He: WAN Status Sidenote IP Address PPPDE 265 255 255 265 Subnet Mask Satemay Domain Name Serv nection Time Peripheral Statu Sidenet (0826) tics of WAN Stati Inhound Outbound 884 605 Packets 11/10/2003 15:44:14 Help Refresh Device Time: 11/10/2003 15:44:14

#### 4.1 Start-up and Log in

Activate your browser, and *disable the proxy* or *add the IP address of this product into the exceptions*. Then, type this product's IP address in the *Location* (for Netscape) or *Address* (for IE) field and press ENTER. For example: <u>http://192.168.123.254</u>.

After the connection is established, you will see the web user interface of this product. There are two appearances of web user interface: *for general users* and *for system administrator*.

To log in as an administrator, enter the system password (the factory setting is "*admin*") in the *System Password* field and click on the *Log in* button. If the password is correct, the web appearance will be changed into administrator configure mode. As listed in its main menu, there are several options for system administration.

## 4.2 Status

ne	Status/ V	(zard) Basic Setting/ Forwarding Rules/ Seculy Set	Ing' Advanced Setting' Toolsox O Logo
Status	System Status		
	hem	WAN Status	Sidenote
	IP Address	0000	PPPoE
	Subnet Mask	255.255.255.255	
	Gateway	0000	
	🔁 Domain Name Server	0000	
	Connection Time		Connect
	Item	Peripheral Status	Sidenete
	(er(DB25)	Not ready	
	Statistics of WAN	Inhound	Outbound
		8973	1689
	and the state of the state		
11/10/2003 15:44:40	Namen a Packets		
	Contraction in the second second second		
	View Log Clients List Help	Refress	
	ALL		
	2		
	-		

This option provides the function for observing this product's working status:

A. WAN Port Status.

If the WAN port is assigned a dynamic IP, there may appear a "**Renew**" or "**Release**" button on the *Sidenote* column. You can click this button to renew or release IP manually.

B. Printer Status. The possible kinds of printer status include "*Ready*", "*Not ready*", "*Printing*...", and "*Device error*".

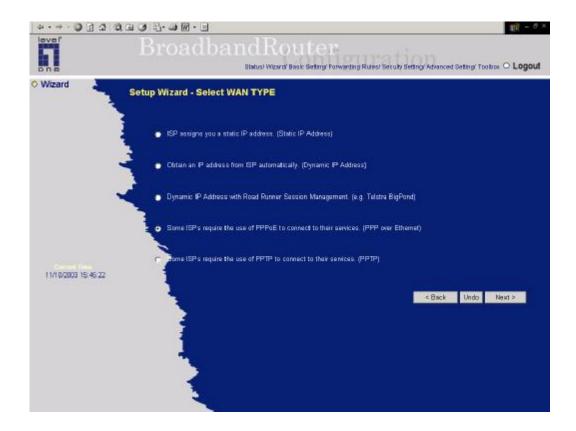
When a job is printing, there may appear a "Kill Job" button on the Sidenote column. You can click this button to kill current printing job manually.

C. Statistics of WAN: enables you to monitor inbound and outbound packets

## 4.3 Wizard

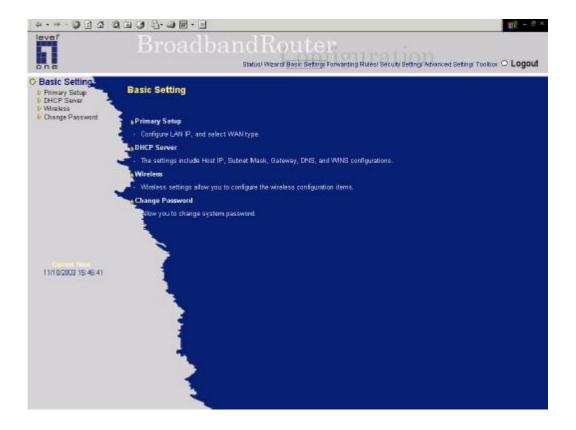


Setup Wizard will guide you through a basic configuration procedure step by step. Press "**Next** >"

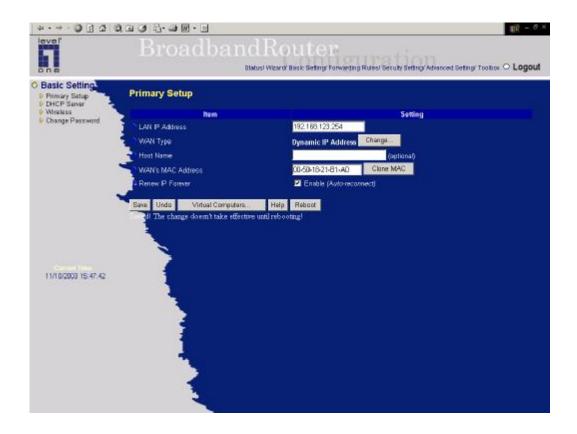


Setup Wizard - Select WAN Type: For detail settings, please refer to 4.4.1 primary setup.

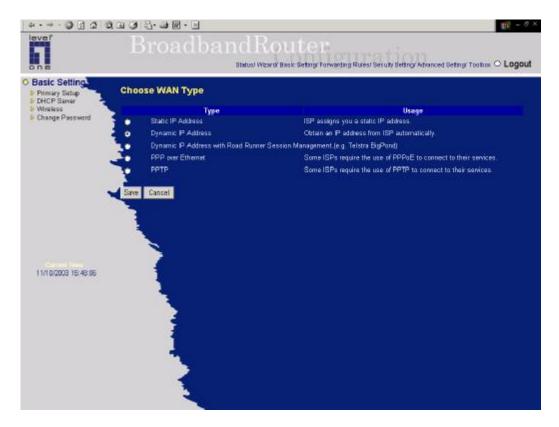
## 4.4 Basic Setting



## 4.4.1 Primary Setup – WAN Type, Virtual Computers



Press "Change"



This option is primary to enable this product to work properly. The setting items and the web appearance depend on the WAN type. Choose correct WAN type before you start.

- 1. *LAN IP Address*: the local IP address of this device. The computers on your network must use the LAN IP address of your product as their Default Gateway. You can change it if necessary.
- 2. *WAN Type*: WAN connection type of your ISP. You can click **Change** button to choose a correct one from the following four options:
  - A. Static IP Address: ISP assigns you a static IP address.
  - B. Dynamic IP Address: Obtain an IP address from ISP automatically.
  - C. Dynamic IP Address with Road Runner Session Management.(e.g. Telstra BigPond)
  - D. PPP over Ethernet: Some ISPs require the use of PPPoE to connect to their services.
  - E. *PPTP*: Some ISPs require the use of PPTP to connect to their services.

#### 4.4.1.1 Static IP Address

WAN IP Address, Subnet Mask, Gateway, Primary and Secondary DNS: enter the proper setting provided by your ISP.

#### 4.4.1.2 Dynamic IP Address

- 1. Host Name: optional. Required by some ISPs, for example, @Home.
- 2. Renew IP Forever: this feature enables this product to renew your IP address automatically when

the lease time is expiring-- even when the system is idle.

#### 4.4.1.3 Dynamic IP Address with Road Runner Session Management.(e.g. Telstra BigPond)

LAN IP Address is the IP address of this product. It must be the default gateway of your computers.

WAN Type is Dynamic IP Address. If the WAN type is not correct, change it!

Host Name: optional. Required by some ISPs, e.g. @Home.

• *Renew IP Forever*: this feature enable this product renew IP address automatically when the lease time is being expired even the system is in idle state.

#### 4.4.1.4 PPP over Ethernet

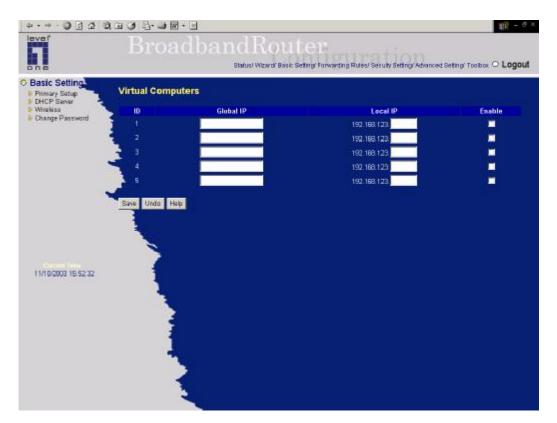
- 1. *PPPoE Account* and *Password*: the account and password your ISP assigned to you. For security, this field appears blank. If you don't want to change the password, leave it empty.
- 2. *PPPoE Service Name*: optional. Input the service name if your ISP requires it. Otherwise, leave it blank.
- 3. *Maximum Idle Time*: the amount of time of inactivity before disconnecting your PPPoE session. Set it to zero or enable Auto-reconnect to disable this feature.

#### 4.4.1.5 PPTP

- 1. My IP Address and My Subnet Mask: the private IP address and subnet mask your ISP assigned to you.
- 2. Server IP Address: the IP address of the PPTP server.
- 3. *PPTP Account and Password: the account and password your ISP assigned to you. If you don't want to change the password, keep it empty.*
- 4. Connection ID: optional. Input the connection ID if your ISP requires it.
- 5. Maximum Idle Time: the time of no activity to disconnect your PPTP session. Set it to zero or enable Auto-reconnect to disable this feature. If Auto-reconnect is enabled, this product will automatically connect to ISP after system is restarted or connection is dropped.

Primary Setup	
ltem	Setting
LAN IP Address	192.168.123.254
🕨 🕅 WAN Type	рртр Change
🔷 My IP Address	0.0.0.0
► My Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0
Server IP Address	0.0.0.0
PPTP Account	84685158@hinet.net
PPTP Password	
▶ Connection ID	(optional)
Maximum Idle Time	300 seconds 🗹 Auto-reconnect
Save Undo Help Reboot	
Saved! The change doesn't take effective until re	booting!

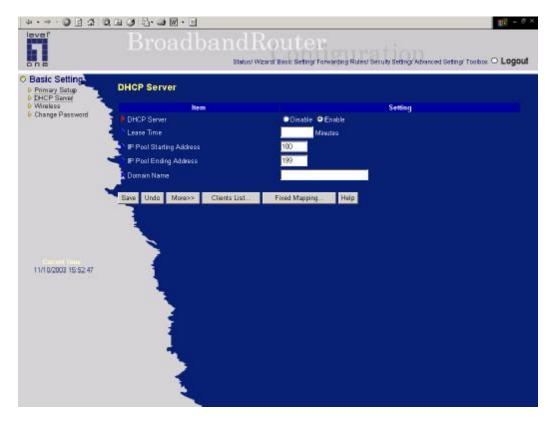
#### 4.4.1.7 Virtual Computers



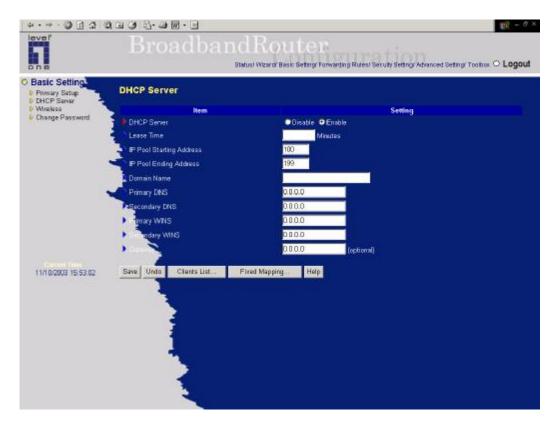
Virtual Computer enables you to use the original NAT feature, and allows you to setup the one-to-one mapping of multiple global IP address and local IP address.

- Global IP: Enter the global IP address assigned by your ISP.
- Local IP: Enter the local IP address of your LAN PC corresponding to the global IP address.
- *Enable*: Check this item to enable the Virtual Computer feature.

## 4.4.2 DHCP Server



Press "More>>"

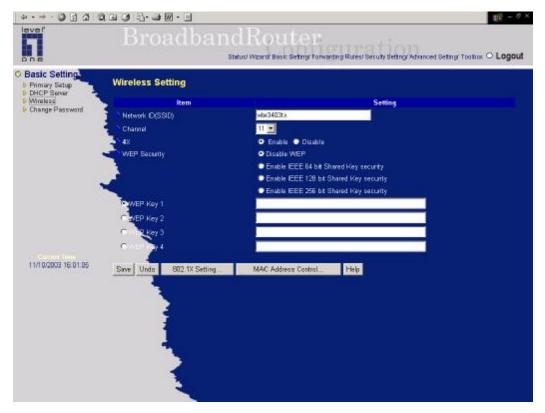


The settings of a TCP/IP environment include host IP, Subnet Mask, Gateway, and DNS configurations. It is not easy to manually configure all the computers and devices in your network. Fortunately, DHCP *Server* provides a rather simple approach to handle all these settings. This product supports the function of DHCP server. If you enable this product's DHCP server and configure your computers as "automatic IP allocation" mode, then when your computer is powered on, it will automatically load the proper TCP/IP settings from this product. The settings of DHCP server include the following items:

- 1. **DHCP Server**: Choose "Disable" or "Enable."
- 2. *Lease Time:* this feature allows you to configure IP's lease time (DHCP client).
- 3. *IP pool starting Address/ IP pool starting Address*: Whenever there is a request, the DHCP server will automatically allocate an unused IP address from the *IP address pool* to the requesting computer. You must specify the starting and ending address of the IP address pool.
- 4. **Domain Name**: Optional, this information will be passed to the client.
- 5. *Primary DNS/Secondary DNS*: This feature allows you to assign DNS Servers
- 6. *Primary WINS/Secondary WINS*: This feature allows you to assign WINS Servers
- 7. *Gateway*: The Gateway Address would be the IP address of an alternate Gateway.This function enables you to assign another gateway to your PC, when DHCP server offers an

IP to your PC.

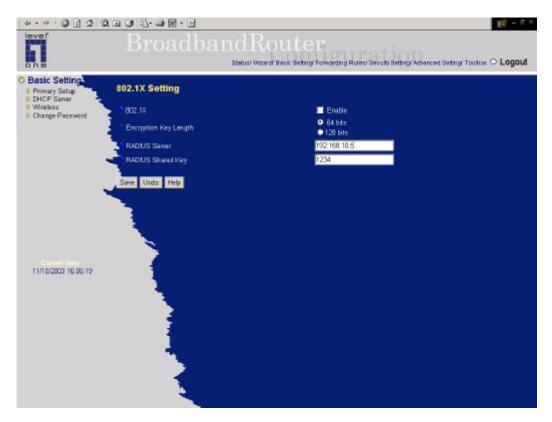
## 4.4.3 Wireless Setting, and 802.1X setting



Wireless settings allow you to set the wireless configuration items.

- Network ID(SSID): Network ID is used for identifying the Wireless LAN (WLAN). Client stations can roam freely over this product and other Access Points that have the same Network ID. (The factory setting is "default")
- Channel: The radio channel number. The permissible channels depend on the Regulatory Domain. The factory setting is as follow: *channel 6* for North America; *channel 7* for European (ETSI); *channel 7* for Japan.
- 3. 4X: WBR-3404TX adopted TI for main chipset. With other TI 11g wireless products, the wireless transferring rate will be doubled when the 4X mode is enable.
- 4. *WEP Security*: Select the data privacy algorithm you want. Enabling the security can protect your data while it is transferred from one station to another. The standardized IEEE 802.11 WEP (128 or 64-bit) is used here.
- 5. *WEP Key 1, 2, 3 & 4*: When you enable the 128 or 64 bit WEP key security, please select one WEP key to be used and input 26 or 10 hexdecimal (0, 1, 2...8, 9, A, B...F) digits.

## 7. 802.1X Setting



### 802.1X

CheckBox was used to switch the function of the 802.1X. When the 802.1X function is enable, the Wireless user must **authenticate** to this router first to use the Network service.

## **Encryption Key Length**

Allows user to select the length for WEP encryption.

### **RADIUS Server**

IP address or the 802.1X server's domain-name.

## **RADIUS Shared Key**

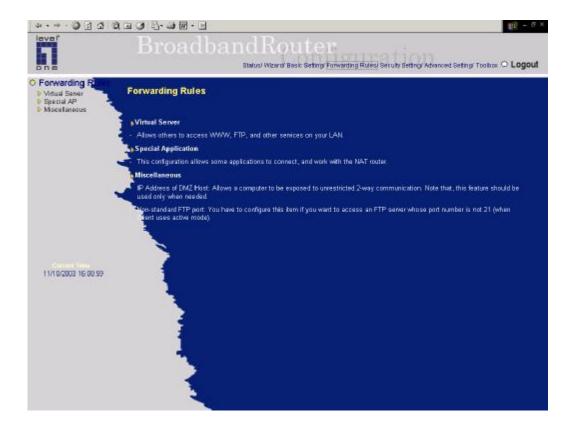
Key value shared by the RADIUS server and this router. This key value is consistent with the key value in the RADIUS server.

# 4.4.4 Change Password

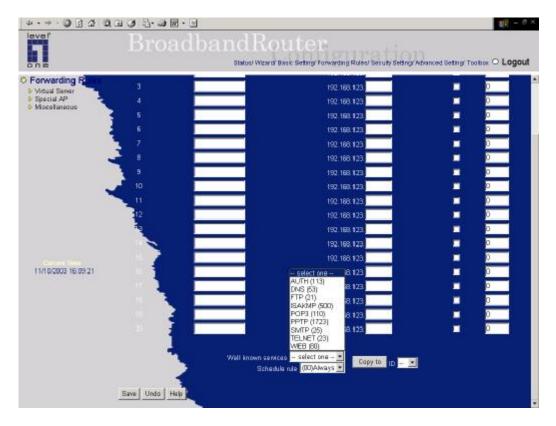
4·→·◎ 🖸 🎝 🛛	1.1.3 型·30.1	(i)	- 8 ×
one	BroadbandRou Biblio Weard Bib	Iter Iteration Forwarding Rules/Secuty Setting' Advanced Setting' Toobox 🗢 La	ogout
C Basic Setting Primary Satup PUTCP Saver Wrickss Change Password	Change Password Item Did Password New Password Reconfirm Save Undo	Setting	
11/10/2003 16:09:37			

You can change Password here. We **strongly** recommend you to change the system password for security reason.

## **4.5 Forwarding Rules**



## 4.5.1 Virtual Server



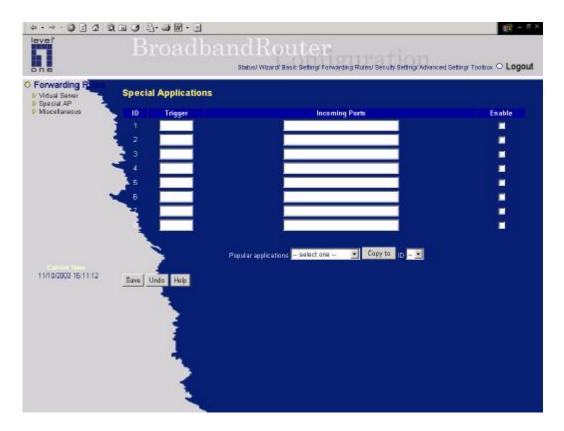
This product's NAT firewall filters out unrecognized packets to protect your Intranet, so all hosts behind this product are invisible to the outside world. If you wish, you can make some of them accessible by enabling the *Virtual Server Mapping*.

A virtual server is defined as a *Service Port*, and all requests to this port will be redirected to the computer specified by the *Server IP*.

For example, if you have an FTP server (port 21) at 192.168.123.1, a Web server (port 80) at 192.168.123.2, and a VPN server at 192.168.123.6, then you need to specify the following virtual server mapping table:

Service Port	Server IP	Enable
21	192.168.123.1	V
80	192.168.123.2	V
1723	192.168.123.6	V

## 4.5.2 Special AP



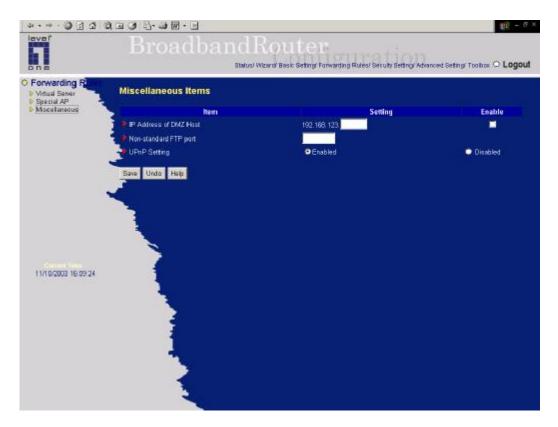
Some applications require multiple connections, like Internet games, Video conferencing, Internet telephony, etc. Because of the firewall function, these applications cannot work with a pure NAT router. The **Special Applications** feature allows some of these applications to work with this product. If the mechanism of *Special Applications* fails to make an application work, try setting your computer as the **DMZ** host instead.

- 1. Trigger: the outbound port number issued by the application..
- 2. *Incoming Ports*: when the trigger packet is detected, the inbound packets sent to the specified port numbers are allowed to pass through the firewall.

This product provides some predefined settings Select your application and click **Copy to** to add the predefined setting to your list.

Note! At any given time, only one PC can use each Special Application tunnel.

## 4.5.3 Miscellaneous Items



#### **IP Address of DMZ Host**

DMZ (DeMilitarized Zone) Host is a host without the protection of firewall. It allows a computer to be exposed to unrestricted 2-way communication for Internet games, Video conferencing, Internet telephony and other special applications.

NOTE: This feature should be used only when needed.

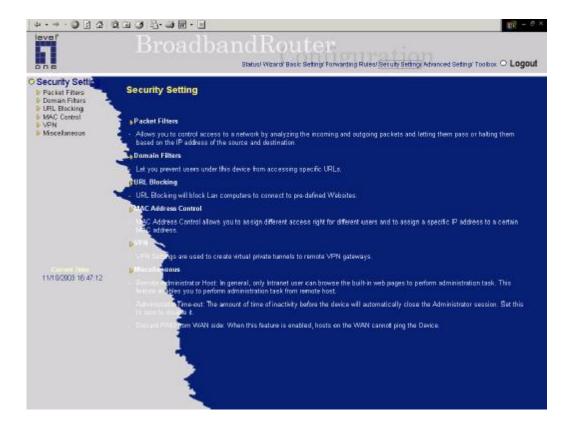
#### Non-standard FTP port

You have to configure this item if you want to access an FTP server whose port number is not 21. *This setting will be lost after rebooting.* 

#### **UPnP Setting**

Allows user to enable or disable UPnP(Universal Plug and Play) function.

## **4.6 Security Settings**



## 4.6.1 Packet Filter

one Security Settic			lask Setting Forwarding Rules/Secuty Set					
Packet Filters	Outbound Pac	ket Filter						
URL Blocking  MAC Control	2	Item	LINEWIN	Setting				
VPN Miscelaneous	Outbound Filter		Enable Enable					
Miscelaneous	Allow all to pass except those match the following rules     Deny all to pass except those match the following rules.							
	10	Source IP : Ports	Destination IP : Ports	Enable	Use Rule#			
	1				0			
	2				0			
					0			
					0			
					0 0 0			
		i			<u> </u>			
Connet Terri					0			
11/18/2003 16:48:29					P			
		Schedule ru	a (DD)Always 💌 Copy to ID - 🔹					
	Save Undo	nbound Filter MAC Level	Help					
		The second second						
	-							

Packet Filter enables you to control what packets are allowed to pass the router. Outbound filter applies on all outbound packets. However, Inbound filter applies on packets that destined to Virtual Servers or DMZ host only. You can select one of the two filtering policies:

- 1. Allow all to pass except those match the specified rules
- 2. Deny all to pass except those match the specified rules

You can specify 8 rules for each direction: inbound or outbound. For each rule, you can define the following:

- Source IP address
- Source port address
- Destination IP address
- Destination port address
- Protocol: TCP or UDP or both.

For source or destination IP address, you can define a single IP address (4.3.2.1) or a range of IP

addresses (4.3.2.1-4.3.2.254). An empty implies all IP addresses.

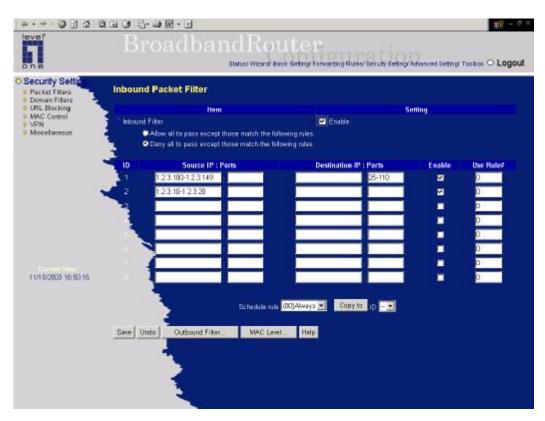
For source or destination port, you can define a single port (80) or a range of ports (1000-1999). Add prefix "T" or "U" to specify TCP or UDP protocol. For example, T80, U53, U2000-2999. No prefix indicates both TCP and UDP are defined. An empty implies all port addresses.

Each rule can be enabled or disabled individually.

Inbound Filter:

To enable Inbound Packet Filter click the check box next to Enable in the Inbound Packet Filter field.

Suppose you have SMTP Server (25), POP Server (110), Web Server (80), FTP Server (21), and News Server (119) defined in Virtual Server or DMZ Host. **Example 1:** 

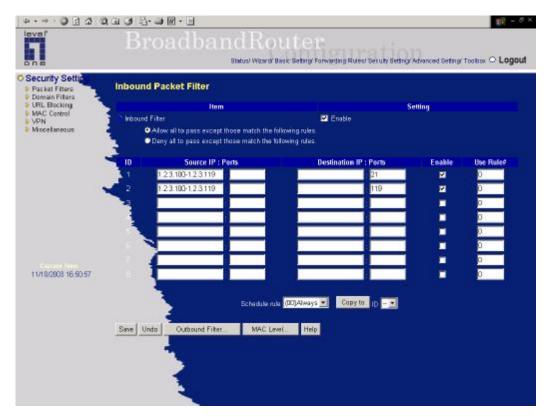


(1.2.3.100-1.2.3.149) They are allow to send mail (port 25), receive mail (port 110), and browse the Internet (port 80)

(1.2.3.10-1.2.3.20) They can do everything (block nothing)

Others are all blocked.

Example 2:



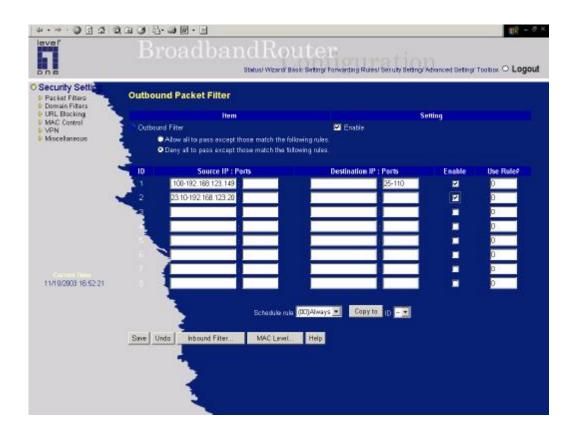
(1.2.3.100-1.2.3.119) They can do everything except read net news (port 119) and transfer files via FTP (port 21) Others are all allowed.

After Inbound Packet Filter setting is configured, click the save button.

Outbound Filter:

To enable Outbound Packet Filter click the check box next to Enable in the Outbound Packet Filter field.

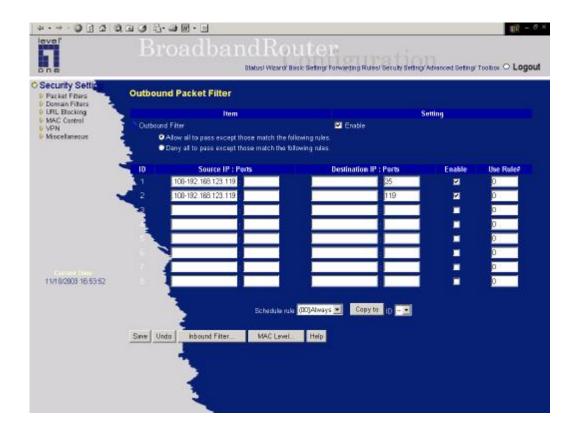
## Example 1:



(192.168.123.100-192.168.123.149) They are allowed to send mail (port 25), receive mail (port 110), and browse Internet (port 80); port 53 (DNS) is necessary to resolve the domain name.

(192.168.123.10-192.168.123.20) They can do everything (block nothing) Others are all blocked.

Example 2:



(192.168.123.100-192.168.123.119) They can do everything except read net news (port 119) and transfer files via FTP (port 21)

Others are allowed

After **Outbound Packet Filter** setting is configured, click the **save** button.

## 4.6.2 Domain Filter

				Rules/Secuty Setting/Advanced Set	ing Toolbox O Logo
Packet Filters	Domain Filter				
URL Blocking MAC Control	ter Ner	Х.		Setting	
VPN Miscelaneous	Domain Filter		Enable		
HEDGERMINUUS	Privilege IP Addresses Ri	100	Fram 0 To 0		
	3			P.	
	10	Oomain Suffix	100	Action	Enable
	A 1			Drop Log	-
	<u> </u>			Drop Log	
	3			Cop Log	
			<u> </u>	Drop Log	
				Drop Log	
				Drop Log	
				Drop Log	
11/18/2003 16:54:18				Drop Log	
				Drop 🗖 Log	
		* (all others)		Drop Log	
	Save Undo Help				
	Bave Undo Help				
	-				

Domain Filter let you prevent users under this device from accessing specific URLs.

### **Domain Filter Enable**

Checke if you want to enable Domain Filter.

## Log DNS Query

Checke if you want to log the action when someone accesses the specific URLs.

### Privilege IP Addresses Range

Setting a group of hosts and privilege these hosts to access network without restriction.

#### **Domain Suffix**

A suffix of URL to be restricted. For example, ".com", "xxx.com".

### Action

When someone is accessing the URL met the domain-suffix, what kind of action you want.

Checke drop to block the access. Checke log to log these access.

#### Enable

*Checke* to enable each rule.

# **Example:**

ne		Status/ Wizar	d' Basic Setting' Forwarding Rule	s/ Seculy Setting/Advanced Set	ing' Toolbox O Logo
Security Setting Packet Fitters Domain Fitters	Domain Filter				
URL Blacking MAC Control	Domain Filter	Nem	Enable	Setting	
VPN Miscellaneous	Log DNS Query		Enable		
	Privilege IP Address	as Renge	From 1 To 10		
	10	Domain Suffix		Action	Enable
	1	sex.com		Drop VLog	
	< a	girl.com		Crop Log	
		erotica.com	- <b>1</b> 0	20mp Log	
				Drop CLog	
				Drop Log	
				Crop Log	- C
				Drop Log	
11/18/2003 16:55:06				🔲 Drop 🛄 Log	- E
				Drop Log	
		* (all others)		Drop Log	
	Save Undo Halp				
	Date Oldo The				
	-				

In this example:

- 1. URL include "sex.com" will be blocked, and the action will be record in log-file.
- 2. URL include "girl.com" will not be blocked, but the action will be record in log-file.
- 3. URL include "erotica.com" will be blocked, but the action will not be record in log-file.
- 4. IP address X.X.X.1~ X.X.X.10 can access network without restriction.

## 4.6.3 URL Blocking

	Broadban	dRouter Status) Wased Basic Beting Forwarding Ru	les/ Seculy Belling Advanced Bel	ting Toobox O Logout
Security Settle     Packet Fitters     Domain Fitters     URL Blocking     MAC Control     WPN     Wiscellaneous	URL Blocking	Enable	Setting	
	1 2 3 4	URL -		Enable M M M M M M M
2003#10,HJ2215; AM 08:02:3	Save Undo Hale			

URL Blocking will block LAN computers to connect to pre-defined Websites.

The major difference between "Domain filter" and "URL Blocking" is Domain filter require user to input suffix (like .com or .org, etc), while URL Blocking require user to input a keyword only. In other words, Domain filter can block specific website, while URL Blocking can block hundreds of websites by simply a **keyword**.

#### **URL Blocking Enable**

Checked if you want to enable URL Blocking.

### URL

If any part of the Website's URL matches the pre-defined word, the connection will be blocked. For example, you can use pre-defined word "sex" to block all websites if their URLs contain pre-defined word "sex".

### Enable

*Checked* to enable each rule.

÷·⇒ ⊙⊴∆ G lever	1000 12 - 1 0				10 - 8 ×
one.			COULTEL (gand' Basic Bating' Forwarding	Rules/ Seculy Setting/ Advance	d Setting' Tootson O Logout
Security Settle     Packet Filters     Domain Filters     URL Blocking	URL Blocking	n		Setting	i i
MAC Control	URL Blocking		Enable		
Miscellaneous	10		URL		Enable
-	3 1	sex			E
	2	erotic e			e
-	<b>a</b> 1	girl			2
	<u>_</u> 4	game			2
	1				-
	1				-
				-	( <b>*</b>
2003年10月22日 AM 08 04 10				_	7
2003年10月22日 AM 09:04:10					<u> </u>
	Save Undo Halp				
	Save Ondo Hep				
	1				
	2				

In this example:

- $1.\ensuremath{\text{URL}}\xspace$  include "sex" will be blocked, and the action will be record in log-file.
- 2. URL include "erotica" will be blocked, but the action will be record in log-file
- 3.URL include "girl" will not be blocked, but the action will be record in log-file.
- 4. URL include "game" will be blocked, but the action will be record in log-file

### 4.6.4 MAC Address Control

		bandRout	CPP sting Forwarding Rules/Seculy Setting Advance	d Setting' Toolkon O <b>Logou</b>			
Security Setting     Packet Fiters     Damain Fiters	MAC Address Co	ntrol					
& URL Blocking	item :		Setting				
MAC Control	MAC Address Control	Enable					
Miscelareous	Connection control	Writeless and wired clients with C checked can connect to this device, and view of unspecified MAC addresses to connect.					
	Association control	Wireless clients with A checked ca addresses to associate.	n associate to the windess LAN; and <mark>dany </mark>	unspecified MAC			
	A 10	MAC Address	IP Address	C A			
		1	192 168 123	0 0			
		2	192, 168, 123				
			192.168.123				
			192.168.123	• •			
11/10/2003 16:58:19	÷ .	HCP clients - select one	Copy to D				
	<< Previous Next	>> Save Undo Help					
	CC PIENDUS INEXT	ss ase one nep					

MAC Address Control allows you to assign different access right for different users and to assign a specific IP address to a certain MAC address.

- MAC Address Control
  Check "Enable" to enable the "MAC Address Control". All of the settings in this page will take effect only when "Enable" is checked.
  Connection control
  Check "Connection control" to enable the controlling of whether wired and wireless clients can connect to this device. If a client is denied to connect to this device, it means the client can't access to the Internet either. Choose "allow" or "deny" to allow or deny the clients, whose MAC addresses are not in the "Control table" (please see below), to connect to this device.
- Association control Check "Association control" to enable the controlling of which wireless client can associate to the wireless LAN. If a client is denied to associate to the wireless LAN, it means the client can't send or receive any data via this device. Choose "allow" or "deny" to allow or deny the clients, whose MAC addresses are not in the "Control table", to associate to the wireless LAN.

#### **Control table**



"Control table" is the table at the bottom of the "MAC Address Control" page. Each row of this table indicates the MAC address and the expected IP address mapping of a client. There are four columns in this table:

MAC Address	MAC address indicates a specific client.
IP Address	Expected IP address of the corresponding
	client. Keep it empty if you don't care its
	IP address.
С	When "Connection control" is checked,
	check "C" will allow the corresponding
	client to connect to this device.
Α	When "Association control" is checked,
	check "A" will allow the corresponding
	client to associate to the wireless LAN.

In this page, we provide the following Combobox and button to help you to input the MAC address.

				1 1	_	_
DHCP clients	select one	-	Copy to	$\mathbb{D}$		•

You can select a specific client in the "DHCP clients" Combobox, and then click on the "Copy to" button to copy the MAC address of the client you select to the ID selected in the "ID" Combobox.

**Previous page and Next Page** To make this setup page simple and clear, we have divided the "Control table" into several pages. You can use these buttons to navigate to different pages.

## 4.6.5 VPN setting

	and the second			
Domain Filters	VPN Settings			
URL Blocking MAC Control	NVPN .			Setting
Miscelaneous	Max. number of tunnels		Enable	
-	ID	Tunnel Name		Method
	U -		6	IKE Mara
	-2			IKE More
				IKE More
				IKE More
	<- Previous Next >>	Save Undo Dyna	mic VPN Settings	
11/18/2003 17:10:29	1			
	E State			
	1			
	1			

VPN Settings are settings that are used to create virtual private tunnels to remote VPN gateways. The tunnel technology supports data confidentiality, data origin authentication and data integrity of network information by utilizing encapsulation protocols, encryption algorithms, and hashing algorithms.

#### • VPN enable item

VPN protects network information from ill network inspectors. But it greatly degrades network throughput. Enable it when you really need a security tunnel. It is disabled for default.

#### • Max. number of tunnels item

Since VPN greatly degrades network throughput, the allowable maximum number of tunnels is limited. Be careful to set the value for allowing the number of tunnels can be created simultaneously. Its value ranges from 1 to 5.

#### • Tunnel name

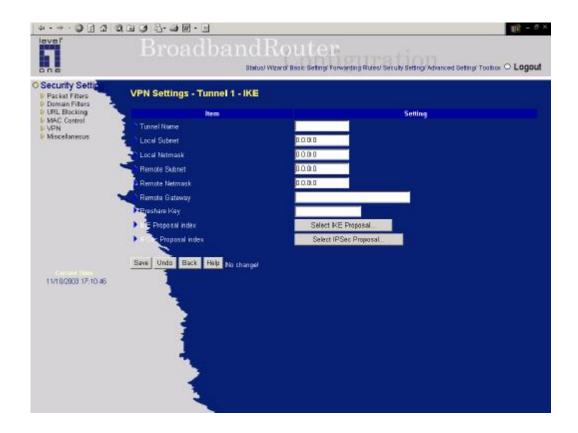
Indicate which tunnel that is focused now.

#### • Method

IPSec VPN supports two kinds of key-obtained methods: manual key and automatic key exchange. Manual key approach indicates that two end VPN gateways setup authenticator and encryption key by system managers manually. However, IKE approach will perform automatic Internet key exchange. System managers of both end gateways only need set the same pre-shared key.

#### **Function of Buttons**

More: To setup detailer configuration for manual key or IKE approaches by clicking the "More" button.



## •VPN Settings - IKE

There are three parts that are necessary to setup the configuration of IKE for the dedicated tunnel: basic setup, IKE proposal setup, and IPSec proposal setup.

Basic setup includes the setting of following items: local subnet, local netmask, remote subnet, remote netmask, remote gateway, and pre-shared key. The tunnel name is derived from previous page of VPN setting. IKE proposal setup includes the setting of a set of frequent-used IKE proposals and the selecting from the set of IKE proposals. Similarly, IPSec proposal setup includes the setting of a set of frequent-used IPSec proposals and the selecting from the set of IPSec proposals.

### - Basic setup:

#### Local subnet

The subnet of LAN site of local VPN gateway. It can be a host, a partial subnet, and the whole subnet of LAN site of local gateway.

### Local netmask

Local netmask combined with local subnet to form a subnet domain.

#### **Remote subnet**

The subnet of LAN site of remote VPN gateway, it can be a host, a partial subnet, and the whole subnet

of LAN site of remote gateway.

### **Remote netmask**

Remote netmask combined with remote subnet to form a subnet domain of remote end.

#### **Remote gateway**

The IP address of remote VPN gateway.

#### **Pre-shared key**

The first key that supports IKE mechanism of both VPN gateways for negotiating further security keys. The pre-shared key must be same for both end gateways.

#### **Function of Buttons**

Select IKE proposal: Click the button to setup a set of frequent-used IKE proposals and select from the set of IKE proposals for the dedicated tunnel. proposals for the dedicated tunnel.

Select IPSec proposal: Click the button to setup a set of frequent-used IPSec proposalsand select from the set of IKE proposals for the dedicated tunnel.

n e ecurity Setti		Status <sup>)</sup> V	(zard) Basic Setting/ Forwa	rding Rules/Seculy Settin	g'Advanced Set	ng Toolbox O LOS
Packet Filters Domain Filters URL Blocking	VPN Settings - Tu	E Proposal	Settir			
MAC Control VPN Miscellaneous	NE Proposal index	item.	- Empty -	lemove	*3	
	D Proposal Name	OH Group	Encrypt, algorithm	Auth algorithm	Life Time	Life Time Unit
		Group 1 -	30ES	SHA1 -	0	Sec. ·
		Group 1 💌	30ES 💌	SHAT .	-	Sec.
		Group 1 *	30ES ·	SHA1 .	0	Sec.
		Group 1 -	30ES -	SHA1 ·	0	Sec. ·
		Group 1 💌	3DES .	SHA1 .	0	Sec.
		Group 1 💌	3DES 💌	SHA1	0	Bac 🔳
1/18/2008 17:12:12		Group 1 💌	30ES 💌	SHA1 .	0	Sec. 💌
		Group 1 💌	30ES -	SHA1 ·	0	Sec. 💌
		Group 1 💌	3DES 💌	SHA1 ·	D	Bec. 💌
	1		Proposal D - select	t one - 💌 Add to Pro	posal index	
	Save Undo Back	Halp				

#### · VPN Settings - Set IKE Proposal

#### **IKE Proposal index**

A list of selected proposal indexes from the IKE proposal pool listed below. The selecting activity is performed by selecting a proposal ID and clicking "add to" button in the bottom of the page. There are only four indexes can be chosen from the proposal pool for the dedicated tunnel. Remove button beside the index list can remove selected proposal index before.

#### **Proposal name**

It indicates which IKE proposal to be focused. First char of the name with 0x00 value stands for the IKE proposal is not available.

### • DH group

There are three groups can be selected: group 1 (MODP768), group 2 (MODP1024), group 5 (MODP1536).

#### **Encryption algorithm**

There are two algorithms can be selected: 3DES and DES.

#### Authentication algorithm

There are two algorithms can be selected: SHA1 and MD5.

#### Life time

The unit of life time is based on the value of Life Time Unit. If the value of unit is second, the value of life time represents the life time of dedicated VPN tunnel between both end gateways. Its value ranges from 300 seconds to 172,800 seconds. If the value of unit is KB, the value of life time represents the maximum allowable amount of transmitted packets through the dedicated VPN tunnel between both end gateways. Its value ranges from 20,480 KBs to 2,147,483,647 KBs.

#### Life time unit

There are two units can be selected: second and KB.

#### **Proposal ID**

The identifier of IKE proposal can be chosen for adding corresponding proposal to the dedicated tunnel. There are total ten proposals can be set in the proposal pool. At most only four proposals from the pool can be applied to the dedicated tunnel as shown in the proposal index list.

#### **Function of Buttons**

Add to button: Click it to add the chosen proposal indicated by proposal ID to IKE Proposal index list. The proposals in the index list will be used in phase 1 of IKE negotiation for getting the IKSAMP SA of dedicated tunnel.

one			dRou tatus) Wizard' Basic S	Len etting: Forwarding Rules	Seculy Setting' Adva	nced Setting" 1	rootece O Logo
Security Setting     Packet Fitters     Domain Fitters	VPN Settings -	Tunnel 1 - S	et IPSec Prop	osal			
URL Blocking     MAC Control     VPN     Miscelaneous	IPSec Proposal ind	<b>Hem</b>	- En	pty - Remove	Setting		
	D Proposal Name	DH Group None 💌 Nona 💌	Encap protocol ESP • ESP •	Encrypt, algorithm BDES • BDES •	Auth algorithm None • None •	Life Time 0. 0.	Life Time Unit Sec. • Sec. •
		None 💌 None 💌	ESP • ESP •	ades • ades •	None 💌 None 💌	0	Sec. • Sec. •
11/10/2003 17:12:27		None ×	ESP • ESP • ESP •		None • None • None •		Sec. • Sec. • Sec. •
	1	Norse 💌	ESP 🔳	3DES 💽	None 💌	p	Sec. 🗾
	Save Undo Back	Halp					

## •VPN Settings -Set IPSec Proposal

#### **IPSec Proposal index**

A list of selected proposal indexes from the IPSec proposal pool listed below. The selecting activity is performed by selecting a proposal ID and clicking "add to" button in the bottom of the page. There are only four indexes can be chosen for the dedicated tunnel. Remove button beside the index list can remove selected proposal index before.

#### **Proposal name**

It indicates which IPSec proposal to be focused. First char of the name with 0x00 value stands for the proposal is not available.

#### • DH group

There are three groups can be selected: group 1 (MODP768), group 2 (MODP1024), group 5 (MODP1536). But none also can be selected here for IPSec proposal.

### **Encapsulation protocol**

There are two protocols can be selected: ESP and AH.

#### **Encryption algorithm**

There are two algorithms can be selected: 3DES and DES. But when the encapsulation protocol is AH, encryption algorithm is unnecessarily set.

#### Authentication algorithm

There are two algorithms can be selected: SHA1 and MD5. But none also can be selected here for

IPSec proposal.

#### Life time

The unit of life time is based on the value of Life Time Unit. If the value of unit is second, the value of life time represents the life time of dedicated VPN tunnel between both end gateways. Its value ranges from 300 seconds to 172,800 seconds. If the value of unit is KB, the value of life time represents the maximum allowable amount of transmitted packets through the dedicated VPN tunnel between both end gateways for. Its value ranges from 20,480 KBs to 2,147,483,647 KBs.

#### Life time unit

There are two units can be selected: second and KB.

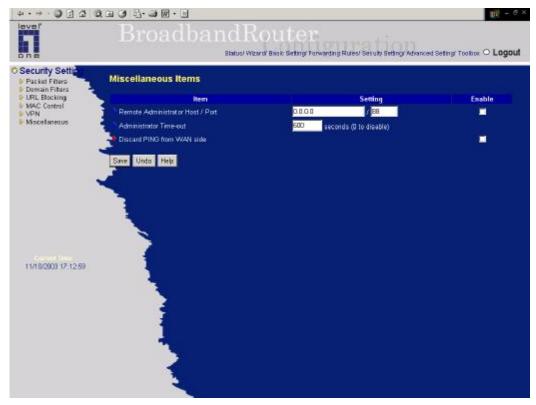
#### **Proposal ID**

The identifier of IPSec proposal can be chosen for adding the proposal to the dedicated tunnel. There are total ten proposals can be set in the proposal pool. At most only four proposals from the pool can be applied to the dedicated tunnel as shown in the proposal index list.

#### **Function of Buttons**

Add to button: Click it to add the chosen proposal indicated by proposal ID to IPSec Proposal index list. The proposals in the index list will be used in phase 2 of IKE negotiation for getting the IPSec SA of dedicated tunnel.

## 4.6.6 Miscellaneous Items



#### **Remote Administrator Host/Port**

In general, only Intranet user can browse the built-in web pages to perform administration task. This feature enables you to perform administration task from remote host. If this feature is enabled, only the specified IP address can perform remote administration. If the specified IP address is 0.0.0.0, any host can connect to this product to perform administration task. You can use subnet mask bits "/nn" notation to specified a group of trusted IP addresses. For example, "10.1.2.0/24".

*NOTE:* When Remote Administration is enabled, the web server port will be shifted to 88. You can change web server port to other port, too.

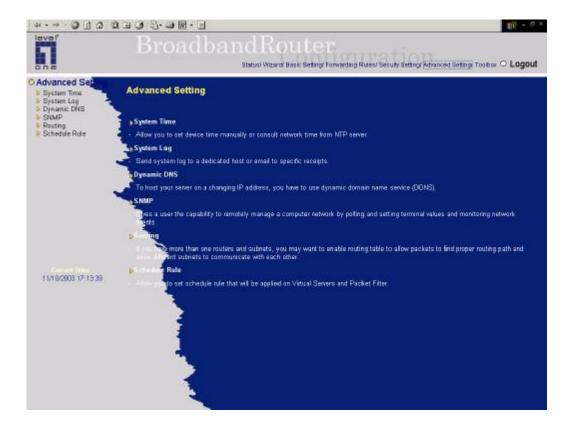
#### Administrator Time-out

The time of no activity to logout automatically. Set it to zero to disable this feature.

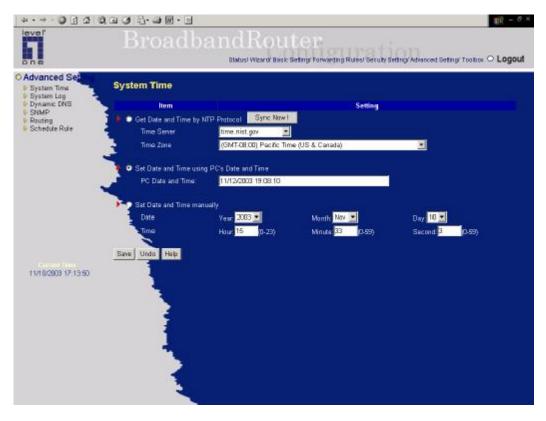
#### **Discard PING from WAN side**

When this feature is enabled, any host on the WAN cannot ping this product.

## 4.7 Advanced Setting



## 4.7.1 System Time



## Get Date and Time by NTP Protocol

Selected if you want to Get Date and Time by NTP Protocol.

### **Time Server**

Select a NTP time server to consult UTC time

### Time Zone

Select a time zone where this device locates.

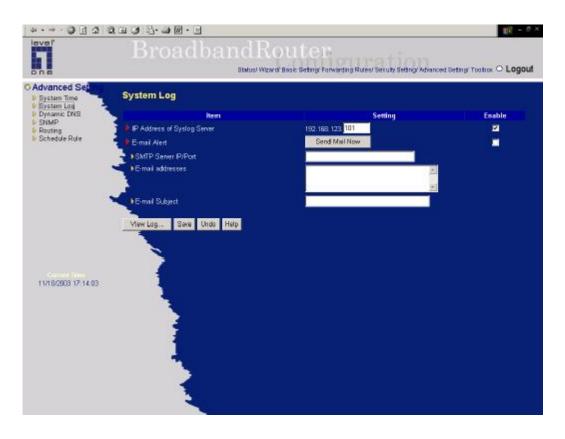
## Set Date and Time manually

Selected if you want to Set Date and Time manually.

### **Function of Buttons**

Sync Now: Synchronize system time with network time server

## 4.7.2 System Log



This page support two methods to export system logs to specific destination by means of syslog(UDP) and SMTP(TCP). The items you have to setup including:

### **IP Address for Syslog**

Host IP of destination where syslogs will be sent to.

Check Enable to enable this function.

### E-mail Alert Enable

Check if you want to enable Email alert(send syslog via email).

## **SMTP Server IP and Port**

Input the SMTP server IP and port, which are concated with ':'. If you do not specify port number, the default value is 25.

For example, "mail.your\_url.com" or "192.168.1.100:26".

### Send E-mail alert to

The recipients who will receive these logs. You can assign more than 1 recipient, using ';' or ',' to separate these email addresses.

## E-mail Subject

The subject of email alert. This setting is optional.

## 4.7.3 Dynamic DNS

4·+·③ 🖸 🎝	100 3 3·20.0	11日 - 8×
level one		andRouter Bibliosi Weard' Basic Setting' Forwarding Ruless' Setuity Setting' Advanced Seting' Toolson © Logout
O Advanced Set	Dynamic DNS Rem	Orable @Enable
🖗 Schedüle Rule	Provider Host Name	DynONS.org(Dynamic) 💌 usemamel dyndns.org
	Usemame / E-mail Password / Key	usemame
11/18/2903 17:14:32		

To host your server on a changing IP address, you have to use dynamic domain name service (DDNS).

So that anyone wishing to reach your host only needs to know the name of it. Dynamic DNS will map the name of your host to your current IP address, which changes each time you connect your Internet service provider.

Before you enable **Dynamic DNS**, you need to register an account on one of these Dynamic DNS servers that we list in **provider** field.

To enable Dynamic DNS click the check box next to Enable in the DDNS field.

Next you can enter the appropriate information about your Dynamic DNS Server.

You have to define:

Provider

## Host Name

Username/E-mail

## Password/Key

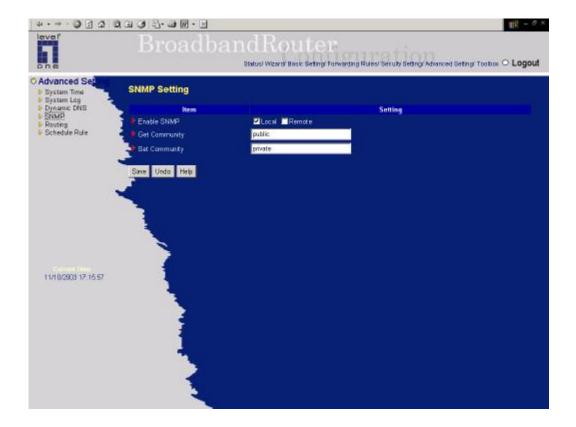
You will get this information when you register an account on a Dynamic DNS server.

## Example:

Dynamic DNS	
Item	Setting
DDNS	💭 Disable 💿 Enable
🖣 🖻 Provider	DynDNS.org(Dynamic)
Host Name	username.dyndns.org
🔹 Username / E-mail	username
Password / Key	*****

After Dynamic DNS setting is configured, click the save button.

## 4.7.4 SNMP Setting



In brief, SNMP, the Simple Network Management Protocol, is a protocol designed to give a user the capability to remotely manage a computer network by polling and setting terminal values and monitoring network events.

#### Enable SNMP

You must check either Local or Remote or both to enable SNMP function. If *Local* is checked, this device will response request from LAN. If *Remote* is checked, this device will response request from WAN.

#### **Get Community**

Setting the community of GetRequest your device will response.

### Set Community

Setting the community of SetRequest your device will accept.

## **Example:**

SNMP Setting	
ltem	
F Enable SNMP	🗹 Local 🔲 Remote
🍦 🕨 Get Community	public
Set Community	private

- 1. This device will response to SNMP client which's get community is set as "public"
- 2. This device will response to SNMP client which's set community is set as "private"
- 3. This device will response request from both LAN and WAN

## 4.7.5 Routing Table

Advanced Set	_	Wizard/ Basic Setting	/ Forwarding Rules/ Seculty	Setting/Advanced Sett	ing/ Teolbex	○ Logo
System Log     Dynamic DNS     SNMP     Routing     Schedule Rule	RIP	ltem c Routing	● Disable ● RIPv1	Setting RIPv2		
	1	Destination	Subnet Mask	Gateway	Hop	Enable
Current Time					E	
11/10/2003 17:17:22					E	

**Routing Tables** allow you to determine which physical interface address to use for outgoing IP data grams. If you have more than one routers and subnets, you will need to enable routing table to allow packets to find proper routing path and allow different subnets to communicate with each other.

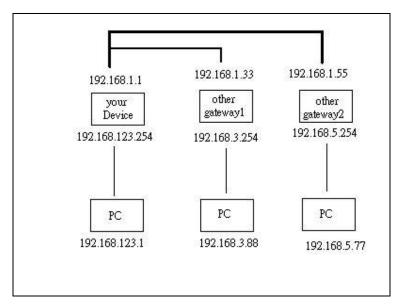
Routing Table settings are settings used to setup the functions of static and dynamic routing.

RIP Enable: Check to enable RIP function.

**Static Routing**: For static routing, you can specify up to 8 routing rules. You can enter the destination IP address, subnet mask, gateway, hop for each routing rule, and then enable or disable the rule by checking or unchecking the Enable checkbox.

## **Example:**

RIP Static Routing		Disable I RIPv1	Setting ● RIPi2		
ID	Destination	Subnet Mask	Gateway	Нор	Enable
1	192.168.3.0	255.255.255.0	192.168.3.33	1	2
2	192,168.5,0	255.255.255.0	192.168.1.56	1	
з					

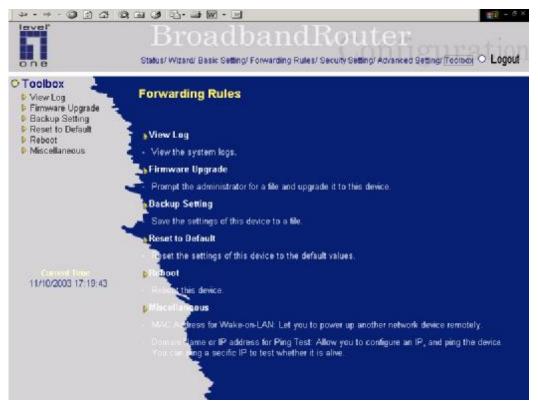


So if, for example, the host wanted to send an IP data gram to 192.168.3.88, it would use the above table to determine that it had to go via 192.168.1.33 (a gateway), And if it sends Packets to 192.168.5.77 will go via 192.168.1.55

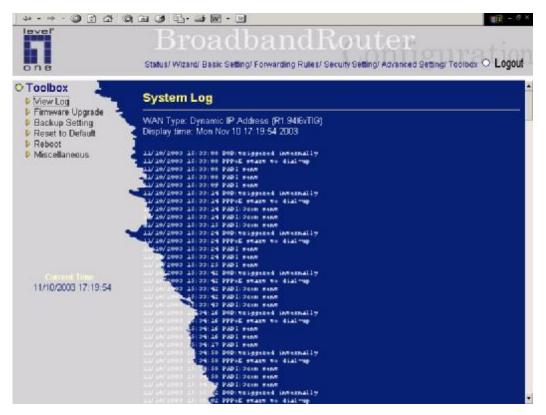
Each rule can be enabled or disabled individually.

After **routing table** setting is configured, click the **save** button.

## 4.8 Toolbox

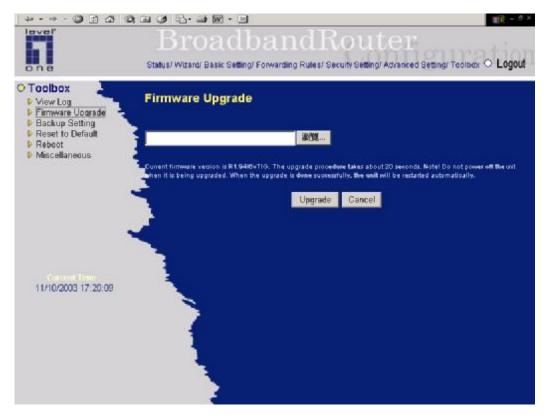


## 4.8.1 System Log



You can View system log by clicking the View Log button

# 4.8.2 Firmware Upgrade



You can upgrade firmware by clicking Firmware Upgrade button.

## 4.8.3 Backup Setting

2	You are downloading the file:			
4	config.bin from 192.168.123.254			
	Would you like to open the file or save it to your computer?			

You can backup your settings by clicking the **Backup Setting** button and save it as a bin file. Once you want to restore these settings, please click **Firmware Upgrade** button and use the bin file you saved.

## 4.8.4 Reset to default



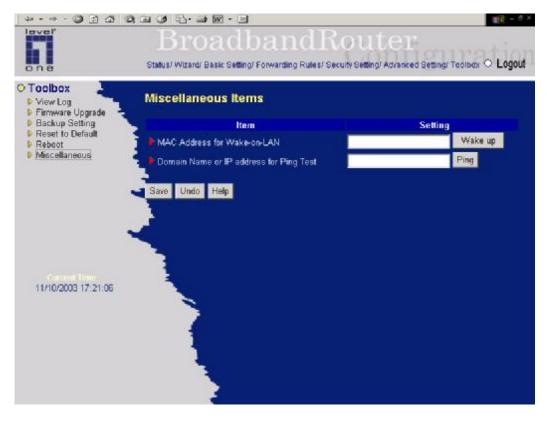
You can also reset this product to factory default by clicking the Reset to default button.

## 4.8.5 Reboot



You can also reboot this product by clicking the **Reboot** button.

### **4.8.6 Miscellaneous Items**



### MAC Address for Wake-on-LAN

Wake-on-LAN is a technology that enables you to power up a networked device remotely. In order to enjoy this feature, the target device must be Wake-on-LAN enabled and you have to know the MAC address of this device, say 00-11-22-33-44-55. Clicking "Wake up" button will make the router to send the wake-up frame to the target device immediately.

### Domain Name or IP address for Ping Test

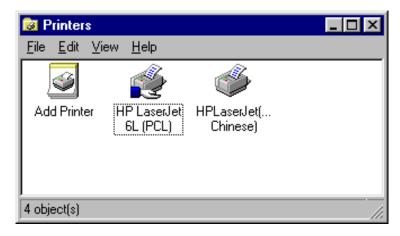
Allow you to configure an IP, and ping the device. You can ping a specific IP to test whether it is alive.

# Chapter 5 Print Server

LevelOne WBR-3404TX provides the function of network print server for MS Windows 95/98/NT/2000 and Unix based platforms. (If the product you purchased doesn't have printer port, please skip this chapter.)

### 5.1 Configuring on Windows 95/98 Platforms

After you finished the software installation procedure described in Chapter 3, your computer has possessed the network printing facility provided by this product. For convenience, we call the printer connected to the printer port of this product as *server printer*. On a Windows 95/98 platform, open the *Printers* window in the *My Computer* menu:



Now, yon can configure the print server of this product:

 Find out the corresponding icon of your server printer, for example, the HP LaserJet 6L. Click the mouse's right button on that icon, and then select the *Properties* item:

HP LaserJet 6L (PCL) Properties	? X
General Details Sharing Paper Print Quality Fonts Device Options	
HP LaserJet 6L (PCL)	
<u>C</u> omment:	
Separator page: (none)	
Separator page: (none)	
Print <u>T</u> est Page	
OK Cancel <u>Apply</u> Help	)

2. Click the *Details* item:

General Details Sharing Paper Print Quality Fonts Device Options				
HP LaserJet 6L (PCL)				
Print to the following port:				
PRTmate: (All-in-1) Add Port				
Print using the following driver:				
HP LaserJet 6L (PCL)   New Driver				
Capture Printer Port End Capture				
Timeout settings				
Not selected: 15 seconds				
Transmission retry: 45 seconds				
Spool Settings Port Settings				
OK Cancel <u>Apply</u> Help				

- 3. Choose the "PRTmate: (All-in-1)" from the list attached at the *Print To* item. Be sure that the *Printer Driver* item is configured to the correct driver of your *server printer*.
- 4. Click on the button of *Port Settings*:

Printer Position	×
Enter the Product's IP :	ОК
192.168.123.254	Cancel

Type in the IP address of this product and then click the OK button.

5. Make sure that all settings mentioned above are correct and then click the *OK* button.

# 5.2 Configuring on Windows NT Platforms

The configuration procedure for a Windows NT platform is similar to that of Windows 95/98 except the screen of printer *Properties*:

🛿 Hewlett Packard LaserJet 6L Properties 🛛 😭 🔀				
General Ports Scheduling Sharing Security Device Settings				
Hewlett Packard LaserJet 6L      Print to the following port(s). Documents will print to the first free     checked port.				
Port	Description	Printer 🔺		
LPT3     COM1:     COM2:     COM3:     COM4:     FILE:     FATmate     FAXmate	Local Port Local Port Local Port Local Port Local Port Local Port Local Port Local Port	Hewlett Packard L, 💌		
Add Port     Delete Port     Configure Port       Enable bidirectional support       Enable printer pooling				
		OK Cancel		

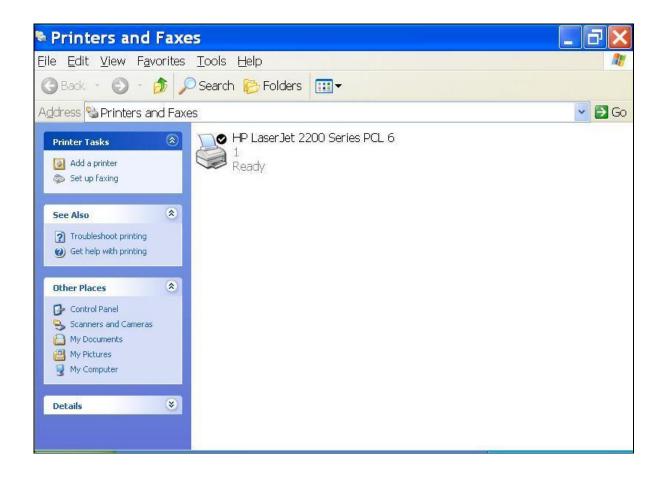
Compared to the procedure in last section, the selection of *Details* is equivalent to the selection of **Ports**, and *Port Settings* is equivalent to *Configure Port*.

### 5.3 Configuring on Windows 2000 and XP Platforms

Windows 2000 and XP have built-in LPR client, users could utilize this feature toPrint.

# You have to install your Printer Driver on LPT1 or other ports before you preceed the following sequence.

1. Open Printers and Faxs.



HP LaserJet 2200 9	eries PCL 6
ocation:	
comment:	
1 <u>o</u> del: HP LaserJet 2200 S	eries PCL 6
Features	
Color: No	Paper available:
Double-sided: Yes	~
Staple: Unknown	
Speed: Unknown	
Maximum resolution: 1200 dpi	<u></u>
Printin	g Preferences Print <u>I</u> est Page

2. Select "Ports" page, Click "Add Port..."

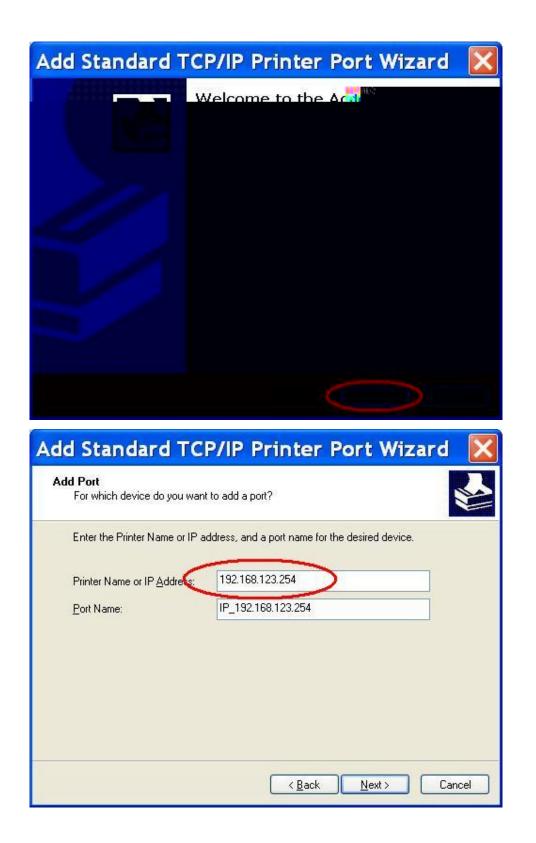
Print to the f checked po	ollowing port(s). Doc rt.	uments will print to	the first free		
Port	Description	Printer		<b>\</b>	
✓ LPT1:	Printer Port	HP LaserJet	2200 Series PC		
LPT2:	Printer Port			22 1	
LPT3:	Printer Port				
□ co	o ondiri ort			_	
	Serial Port				
	Serial Port			~	
L co	Serial Port			×	
Add F	Port	Delete Port	Configure Po	rt	
			Termidener		

3. Select "Standard TCP/IP Port", and then click "New Port..."

Printer Ports	? 🗙
Available port types: Pscui Port Standard TCP/IP Port	
New Port Type	New Port Cancel

4. Click Next and then provide the following information:

Type address of server providing LPD that is our NAT device:192.168.123.254



5. Select Custom, then click "Settings..."

Add Standard TCP/IP Printer Port	t Wizard  🔀
Additional Port Information Required The device could not be identified.	
<ul> <li>The device is not found on the network. Be sure that:</li> <li>1. The device is turned on.</li> <li>2. The network is connected.</li> <li>3. The device is properly configured.</li> <li>4. The address on the previous page is correct.</li> <li>If you think the address is not correct, click Back to return to the previo the address and perform another search on the network. If you are sure select the device type below.</li> <li>Device Type</li> <li>Standard Beneric Network Card</li> </ul>	
Custom Settings	ext > Cancel

6. Select "LPR", type " **lp**" lowercase letter in "Queue Name:"

And enable "LPR Byte Counting Enabled".

ort Name:	IP_192.168.123.254
inter Name or IP <u>A</u> ddress:	192.168.123.254
Protocol O <u>B</u> aw	
Raw Settings Port <u>N</u> umber:	9100
LBR Settings Queue Name: []	P
LPR Byte Counting En	abled
SNMP Status Enabled	
Community Name:	public

7. Apply your settings

Add Standard T	CP/IP	Printer Port Wizard  🔀	
	Completing the Add Standard TCP/IP Printer Port Wizard You have selected a port with the following characteristics.		
	SNMP: Protocol: Device: Port Name: Adapter Type	No LPR, lp 192.168.123.254 IP_192.168.123.254	
	To complete t	his wizard, click Finish. <u>&lt; B</u> ack Finish Cancel	

HP Laser.	Jet 2200 Series PCL 6		
rint to the following hecked port.	port(s). Documents will print to	o the first free	
Port	Description	Printer	^
🗆 сом4:	Serial Port		
PILE:	Print to File		
☑ IP_192.168.12		100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100	
CI WEWAN_NOT		Auto hp des	
🗆 IR	Local Port		*
<	III	>	
Add Port	Delete Port	Configure Port	
The second start and the second starts	nai support		
<u>Enable bidirection</u> Enable printer po	4.000		

## 5.4 Configuring on Unix based Platforms

Please follow the traditional configuration procedure on Unix platforms to setup the print server of this product. The printer name is "lp."

## Appendix A TCP/IP Configuration for Windows 95/98

This section introduces you how to install TCP/IP protocol into your personal computer. And suppose you have been successfully installed one network card on your personal computer. If not, please refer to your network card manual. Moreover, the Section B.2 tells you how to set TCP/IP values for working with this NAT Router correctly.

#### A.1 Install TCP/IP Protocol into Your PC

- 1. Click Start button and choose Settings, then click Control Panel.
- 2. Double click *Network* icon and select *Configuration* tab in the Network window.
- 3. Click Add button to add network component into your PC.
- 4. Double click *Protocol* to add TCP/IP protocol.

Select Network Component Type	? ×
Click the type of network component you want to install:	
📃 Client	<u>A</u> dd
Adapter	
Frotocol	Cancel
Service	
Protocol is a 'language' a computer uses. Computers must use the same protocol to communicate.	

5. Select *Microsoft* item in the *manufactures* list. And choose *TCP/IP* in the *Network Protocols*. Click *OK* button to return to Network window.

elect Network Protoco	ol 🕹 🕹
	rk Protocol that you want to install, then click OK. If you have isk for this device, click Have Disk.
<u>M</u> anufacturers:	Network Protocols:
🍹 Banyan	🐺 Fast Infrared Protocol
<b>ў</b> ІВМ	FIPX/SPX-compatible Protocol
Y Microsoft	Microsoft 32-bit DLC
🖗 Novell	G Microsoft DLC
	¥ NetBEUI
	TCP/IP
	Have Disk
	0K Cancel

6. The TCP/IP protocol shall be listed in the Network window. Click *OK* to complete the install procedure and restart your PC to enable the TCP/IP protocol.

#### A.2 Set TCP/IP Protocol for Working with NAT Router

1. Click *Start* button and choose *Settings*, then click *Control Panel*.

2. Double click *Network* icon. Select the TCP/IP line that has been associated to your network card in the *Configuration* tab of the Network window.

Network ? 🗙					
Configuration   Identification   Access Control					
The following network components are installed:					
PCI Fast Ethernet DEC 21140 Based Adapter     NetBEUI -> Dial-Up Adapter					
In Article Content of the second					
TCP/IP -> PCI Fast Ethernet DEC 21140 Based Adapter     File and printer sharing for Microsoft Networks					
Add Remove Properties					
Primary Network Logon:					
Client for Microsoft Networks					
Eile and Print Sharing					
Description TCP/IP is the protocol you use to connect to the Internet and wide-area networks.					
OK Cancel					

- 3. Click *Properties* button to set the TCP/IP protocol for this NAT Router.
- 4. Now, you have two setting methods:
  - A. Get IP via DHCP server

a. Select *Obtain an IP address automatically* in the *IP Address* tab.

TCP/IP Properties				?	×
Bindings	Adv	anced	N	etBIOS	1
DNS Configuration	Gateway	WINS Confi	guration	IP Address	
If your network doe	An IP address can be automatically assigned to this computer. If your network does not automatically assign IP addresses, ask your network administrator for an address, and then type it in the space below.				
Obtain an IP	address au	tomatically			
	© Specify an IP address:				
[P Address:					
S <u>u</u> bnet Mas	k:				
		OK		Cancel	

b. Don't input any value in the *Gateway* tab.

<b>TCP/IP Properties</b>		? ×
Bindings DNS Configuration	Advanced Gateway WINS Conf	NetBIOS iguration   IP Address
	n the Installed Gateway li in the list will be the orde d.	
New gateway:	<u>A</u> dc	1
_ <u>Installed gatewa</u>	ys:	ve
	0K	Cancel

c. Choose *Disable DNS* in the *DNS Configuration* tab.

TCP/IP Properties				? ×
Bindings DNS Configuration		inced WINS Confi		tBIOS
⊙ <u>Disable DNS</u> ⊂O <u>E</u> nable DNS				
Host:		D <u>o</u> main:		
DNS Server Sea	rch Urder —		<u>A</u> dd emove	
Domain Suffix Se	aarch Order -		Add emove	
		OK		Cancel

- B. Configure IP manually
  - a. Select *Specify an IP address* in the *IP Address* tab. The default IP address of this product is 192.168.123.254. So please use 192.168.123.xxx (xxx is between 1 and 253) for *IP Address* field and 255.255.255.0 for *Subnet Mask* field.

TCP/IP Properties		? ×
Bindings	Advanced Gateway WINS Con	NetBIOS
An IP address ca If your network d your network adr the space below	n be automatically assign bes not automatically assi inistrator for an address, address automatically	ed to this computer. gn IP addresses, ask
IP Address	192.168.12	3.115
S <u>u</u> bnet Ma	isk: 255.255.25	5.0
L		
	0	K Cancel

b. In the Gateway tab, add the IP address of this product (default IP is 192.168.123.254)

in the *New gateway* field and click *Add* button.

TCP/IP Properties				? ×	
Bindings DNS Configuration	Advanced NetBIO Gateway WINS Configuration IP A				
The first gateway in the Installed Gateway list will be the default. The address order in the list will be the order in which these machines are used.					
<u>N</u> ew gateway: 192 . 168 . 123 . 254 <u>A</u> dd					
Installed gateways:					
		OK		Cancel	

c. In the *DNS Configuration* tab, add the DNS values which are provided by the ISP into *DNS Server Search Order* field and click *Add* button.

TCP/IP Properties		? ×
Bindings DNS Configuration	Advanced Gateway WINS Conf	NetBIOS   iguration   IP Address
⊂ Disable DNS ⊡ <u>E</u> nable DNS		
Host: MyComput		
168.95		Add
168.95.1.1	<u> </u>	jemove
Domain Suffix Se	arch Order	
	F	Add
	01	K Cancel